Multiple Sclerosis

Summary of Methods and Data for Estimate of Costs of Illness

1.	Estimated Total Economic Cost	\$ 5.0 billion
	Estimated Direct Cost	\$ 2.5 billion
	Estimated Indirect Cost	\$ 2.5 billion
	Reference Year	1991
	ICD Providing the Estimate	NINDS

Direct Costs Include: Other related nonhealth costs

No

Indirect Costs Include:

Mortality costsNoMorbidity costs: Lost workdays of the patientYesMorbidity costs: Reduced productivity of the patientYesLost earnings of unpaid care giversNoOther related nonhealth costsNo

Interest Rate Used to Discount Out-Year Costs

Not Available

2. Category code(s) from the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, (ICD-9-CM) for all diseases whose costs are included in this estimate: 340.

3. Estimate Includes Costs:

Of related conditions beyond primary, strictly coded ICD-9-CM category
Attributable to the subject disease as a secondary diagnosis
No
Of conditions for which the subject disease is an underlying cause
No

- 4. Population Base for Cost Estimate (Total U.S. pop or other)
 5. Annual (prevalence model) or Lifetime (incidence model) Cost:

 6. Perspective of Cost Estimate (Total society, Federal budget, or Other)
 7. Approach to Estimation of Indirect Costs
- 8. <u>Source of Cost Estimate</u>: (Reference published or unpublished report, or address and telephone of person/office responsible for estimate)

Progress and Promise, 1992. Report of the National Advisory Neurological Disorders and Stroke Council.

The Cost of Disorders of the Brain, 1992. The National Foundation for Brain Research (Washington, D.C.).

9. Other Indicators of Burden of Disease:

Incidence: $\leq 10,000$ per year Prevalence: 250,000-300,000

10. Commentary:

Incidence, prevalence, and indirect cost estimates are very conservative, since MS remains undiagnosed and unreported in many cases.